

BROOKLYN NEWS.

FOUR HUNDRED OUT.

All of Brooklyn's Blue-Stone Cutters and Flaggers Idle.

Yard Owners Band Together and Take a Firm Stand.

Question Whether It Is a Strike or a Lockout.

Nearly four hundred bluestone-cutters and flaggers are out on a strike or have been locked out in Brooklyn to-day.

The men have been out since last Monday. In consequence of the strike the eleven bluestone yards in Brooklyn are closed and work discontinued until men have been found who are willing to take the places of the strikers or locked-out men.

For the past three days the owners of the stone-yards have advertised in "The World" for flaggers and cutters to work for \$3.50 per day of nine hours. As yet they have been unable to procure any men.

About two weeks ago the stone cutters and flaggers were notified by the owners of the yards, according to one of the bosses, that in order to continue, the men would have to consent to a temporary reduction to \$3.50 a day. All of the employees are union men. They at once held meetings, at which it was decided to declare a strike rather than accept a cut.

All the men quit work, their employers say, on Monday, after notifying their employers that they would stay out until the old scale was restored.

Edward Clark, 312 Fourth avenue, one of the largest stone-cutters in the city, who gave this version, said to-day that the employers would fight their men to the bitter end.

"The bluestone business," said Mr. Clark, "depends almost wholly upon the sale of the yards, according to one of the bosses, that in order to continue, the men would have to consent to a temporary reduction to \$3.50 a day. All of the employees are union men. They at once held meetings, at which it was decided to declare a strike rather than accept a cut."

An entirely different story of the strike or lockout was given to-day by a member of the firm of A. R. Knickerbocker, avenue and Hooper street, Williamsburg. He said that no money question was involved, but that the men had simply been made to decide who was to run the yards, the employed or the employers.

Mr. Knickerbocker said that the men had been told that they were to be turned out on Monday, but that they were not to be turned out until they had agreed to work for \$3.50 a day.

On Friday of last week a meeting was held of the bluestone-cutters, and it was decided that the employers should take the offensive. Consequently on Monday morning the men were notified that they were no longer required unless they were willing to do the work at the old scale.

All of the men refused to accept and quit work.

THIEVES WEREN'T THIRSTY.

But They Were Caught Stealing Beer Just the Same.

Justice Goetting, in the Lee Avenue court, Williamsburg, to-day held Henry Schaeffer and John Klefer on a charge of stealing beer from Henry Ostermann, a saloon-keeper of 18 Broadway.

The prisoners are driven to the county jail. A. R. Knickerbocker, yesterday afternoon officers Betts and Clauser saw the men, and they were taken to the county jail, where they were held on a charge of stealing beer from Henry Ostermann, a saloon-keeper of 18 Broadway.

They took the barrels into the cellar, and while bringing out the empty barrels, they got the four dummies with the others.

It is said that the prisoners have been fasting this kind of work for a long time, and that their thefts amount to several thousand dollars.

THE WORLD'S NEW UPTOWN OFFICE.

Twenty Coney Island Men Give Way to Their Successors.

Twenty Coney Island policemen refused to accept their dismissal from the new Police Board sent word Chief Justice to-day that they would not go.

The chief justice to-day that they would not go. The chief justice to-day that they would not go. The chief justice to-day that they would not go.

MAILED-POX CONCEALED.

Baby Dies at Home After Ten Days' Illness.

Health Commissioner Emery, of Brooklyn, is to-day investigating the death of Hugh McCabe, seven months old, of 420 Columbia street, who died last night from measles.

The boy had been sick ten days. He lived with his parents on the fourth floor of a big tenement at the above address.

The doctor who attended the child has been called upon to tell why he did not report the case sooner.

NOT IMPURE LYMPH.

Commissioner Wyckoff's Reply to Vaccination Opponents.

Autopsy Will Disclose the Cause of Young Smith's Death.

Dr. Costales Insists that Impure Virus Was Used.

In the absence of Health Commissioner Emery, who is confined to his home with sickness, Deputy-Commissioner Wyckoff, of Brooklyn, to-day gave out a statement refuting the charges that impure vaccine has been used by the department in conducting its vaccinating raids.

The statement was issued by Dr. Wyckoff in reply to the allegations made last night at a meeting of the Anti-Compulsory Vaccination League, held at 515 Fulton street. The object of the society is to do away with the laws which permit the Health Department to make wholesale vaccinations of citizens.

At a second meeting a committee was appointed to inquire into the death of Charles W. Smith, eleven years old, of 75 Woodbine street. The attending physician filed a certificate setting forth that the boy's death was due to his having been vaccinated. The Health Department claims that the boy died of Bright's disease.

The committee reported last night that death was due to blood poisoning, following the use of impure vaccine.

Chairman Hiltcock, in speaking to the report, said:

"I am in possession of positive proof that Health Commissioner Emery recalled the Smith burial certificate which he had issued and summoned Dr. Costales, who attended the boy, and compelled the physician to alter the cause of death to Bright's disease and diphtheria. The Health Department made a false certificate. What authority the Health Commissioner had to compel Dr. Costales to alter the certificate was illegitimate. The Health Department will soon be called upon to explain."

Dr. Costales, who was in the hall, said that the Commissioner had requested him to alter the death certificate. He said that he was unable to prove, he said, that impure vaccine had been used.

"The important question of the quality of the vaccine lymph, used in the public work of this department, has been the subject of constant thought by Mr. Emery. With the exception of a few cases, that of this lymph has been the product of one farm; in an establishment having a national reputation for the production of vaccine lymph, whose reputation is more firmly established for cleanliness and attention to detail than any other establishment."

"This lymph used in our public vaccination is the same kind that the Commissioner has used in his private practice, and in his own family. It is the same kind that they employ when, having been exposed to small-pox, they vaccinate themselves. The purity of the lymph is believed by Dr. Emery to be practically guaranteed."

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REFORM FOR CONEY.

Mayor Schieren Will Wipe Out the Island Bowery's Dives.

He Declares that Dance Halls Will Also Have to Go.

Excise Laws to Be Enforced, Which Means Dry Sundays.

The annexation bills passed by the Legislature making Coney Island a portion of Brooklyn has created a problem which Mayor Schieren and his Cabinet were trying to solve this morning.

The cause of all the trouble is that part of the island known as the Bowery. The Mayor announced this morning that he was determined to wipe out the dives and dance-halls on "The Bowery," and would begin the work of weeding out the disorderly places as soon as he received a certified copy of the Annexation bill.

The Excise laws, the Mayor said, would have to be observed by the proprietors of all the saloons on the island. "The great problem which confronts us," said Mayor Schieren to-day, "is how to begin the crusade against the objectionable places on Coney Island. I am anxious to get at the work, but I can do nothing until we have first made plans for the attack."

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BOOM IN SUGAR AND LEAD.

Market Revives After a Rather Dull Opening.

Bank Gains in Cash Offset the Gold Shipments.

Trading was light in all departments of the Stock Exchange this morning, and there were no new or interesting features. The Industrials attracted some attention, but even in these the volume of business was small.

Despite the dullness a firm tone prevailed and higher quotations were recorded. The improved prospects for the recovery of the sugar market, and the policy action by Congress on the Tariff bill imparted more confidence to operators.

American Sugar rose 1/2 to 102 1/2; Big Four, 3 1/2 to 34 1/2; Lead, 1 1/2 to 13 1/2; Distillers, 3 1/2 to 25 1/2; General Electric, 3 1/2 to 104 1/2; and Lake Erie & Western preferred, 1 1/2 to 10 1/2.

Consolidated Gas fell 1/2 to 117 1/2; New Jersey Central, 1 1/2 to 111 1/2; Union Pacific, 3 1/2 to 183 1/2; and Denver & Gulf 7 1/2 to 51 1/2.

The banks now hold \$3,417,350 in excess of legal requirements. Sugar continued to lead in the market, and sold up to 104 1/2 on large and animated dealings. The shorts were badly punished, and some of them have not yet recovered.

Lead was prominent on Washington advice that an increase in the duty has been agreed upon. The stock rose as high as 40 1/2. The fluctuations outside of these shares were confined to a few points, and the whole speculation was strong.

Silver was firmer, commercial bar rising to 64 1/2 and Mexican dollars to 51 1/4. Bar silver in London was easier at 29 cents per ounce.

The United States Treasury had a debit balance at the Clearing-House of \$427,000 in April, 1892, and \$7,443,390 in April, 1893.

The following are the comparative figures: Loans, \$459,992,400; Bonds, \$459,992,400; Deposits, \$459,992,400; and so on.

The sales of stocks were \$3,600 shares. In the market, 2,500 shares of Sugar and 8,100 Lead were traded in.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Canada Southern.....	50%	50%	50%	50%
Ches. & Ohio.....	15%	15%	15%	15%
Chicago.....	75%	75%	75%	75%
Chic. Bur. & Q. West.....	75%	75%	75%	75%
Chic. & Northw.....	107%	107%	107%	107%
Chic. & Northwest p.f.....	142	142	142	142
Chic. Mtl. & St. P.....	61%	61%	61%	61%
Chic. Rock Is. & Pan. fr.....	69	69	69	69
C. C. C. & St. L.....	37%	38%	37%	37%
Chic. & N. W. Ry.....	107%	107%	107%	107%
Del. & Hudson.....	123%	123%	123%	123%
Dia. & Chatt. Feed.....	25	25%	25	25
General Electric.....	31%	29	31%	31%
Lake Shore.....	125%	125%	125%	125%
L. E. & West. p.f.....	65%	69	65%	65
Long Island Traction.....	15%	15%	15%	15%
Louis. & Nashville.....	40%	40%	40%	40%
Missouri Pacific.....	29	29%	29	29
Mo., Kan. & Tex.....	14%	14%	14%	14%
Mo., Kan. & Tex. p.f.....	24%	24%	24%	24%